Instructions regarding War Diaries and Intelligence Summaries are contained in F.S. Regs., Vol. 1. Monthly War Diaries will be enclosed in A.F. C.2119. If this is not available, and for Intelligence Summaries, the cover will be prepared in manuscript.

WAR DIARY

Unit 190 Field Regiment.R.A.

or INTELLIGENCE SUMMARY

(Delete heading not required)

Month and Year Apr 45.

Commanding Officer R.J. Streatfield.R.A.

ARMY FORM C.2118

Place	Date	Hour	Summary of Events and Information	References to Appendices
	1.		The beginning of the month found the regt at HAMMINKELN still resting after taking part in the assault over the Rhine. We were expecting soon to resume the chase, clearing up behind the 12 Corps spearhead, 7 Armd Division.	
	2.		In the morning Maj Gen Barber GOC the Div visited the regt and addressed all ranks. He spoke some very timely and pertinent words on the subjects of looting and fraternisation. He congratulated everyone on the most successful operation just accomplished and hoped for like success in the difficult tasks still ahead of us.	
	3.		Today we came under command 46 Bde group and moved on our first stage to catch up the ever faster battle. It was a short move of about 25 miles and we harboured the night just south of GR. BURLO in a group of up to date farms 3565.	
	4.		Early in the morning we moved again, this time to an area near the village of BORGHORST 7992, a march of some 55 miles. Provisional orders for the next day were that the Division in Bde Groups would clear up the wooded area just East of the DORTMUND - EMS canal. We learned that the Division now came under Command 8 Corps and we were amused to find that Corps HQ was plumb in the middle of the area we were due to clear.	
	5.		We did not embark on our first plan, the new object for the division was to advance as far as the Weser, clearing all the small side roads on the way.	
	6.		We started off early in the morning and made fine progress until we reached the Dortmund-Ems canal where an incredible traffic jam began. After hours of patient waiting the harbour parties managed to get through and after a wild chase south of OSNABRUCK arrived at the harbour area, which was just NW of Minden in the village of FRIEDEWALDE 7618, with a few minutes of light left to do the recce. This was successfully accomplished and it but remained for the main party to arrive.	

7.	About 0200 hrs the first elements of the regt arrived and they
	continued to do so until it became light. The march was quite the
	worst ever experienced, the 90 miles having taken 16 hours. The rest
	of the day things were taken rather quietly by most people.
8.	A quiet day with nothing unusual to report.
9.	Today we learned that our next task as a division would be a long
	advance to contact battle via CELLE and UELZEN to the Elbe. We were
	to start next day. In the evening we had a regtl sing song and 46
10	Bde held a short course in the disposal of wines and spirits.
10.	Today was a short move over the Weser to a concentration area prior
	to the start of our advance to contact battle. The regt harboured in
	the village of RADERHORST 9220.
11.	We set out on our chase with the 4 Tank Coldstream Guards in support
	of the Bde Gp. All went well until we were a few miles short of
	Celle when opposition was met at the road and rail crossings in
	5638. The regt came into action round the village of Engensen 5036
10	and fired a little in support of the infantry and tanks.
12.	The regt moved up early a few miles to the village of Ramlingen 5338
	to support the continuation of the clearing operations. In the
	morning 227 Bde entered Celle and in the afternoon opposition
	ceased. 46 Bde moved into the south of the town and harboured the
	night. Some grim sights were seen in a small concentration camp in
	the town, which brought home to many people what we were fighting
	against. An abortive recce was made by the CO2 & RSO of an area over
13.	the Aller river west of Celle.
13.	Early we started on the next phase, the advance to Uelzen. 46 Bde
	covered both flanks of the Div axis with the 9 Cams and 2 Glas H on the right and 7 Sea on the left. 531 Bty accompanied the 7 Sea in an
	independent role. The 2 Glasgow Highlanders were in the van on the
	right supported by the Coldstream Guards. The advance was hindered
	by weak bridges and bad tracks and the regt did two quick actions to
	clear up small pockets. In the evening we went into action round the
	village of Eidengen 7657. During the day the CO Lt.Col. Streatfield
	left the regt to go on a CO's Gunnery Course at Larkhill. Major GS
	Cole took over command of the regt during his absence.
14.	Advance continued and in the middle of the morning the regt deployed
14.	in sq 8262. There was little trouble however and the advance soon
	continued. By night the group on the right reached the village of
	Stadensen 9079. The group less 9 Cams harboured the night here with
	the guns out of action.
15.	At 0330 hrs the guards woke the sleeping regt to the accompaniment
15.	of a continuous volley of warlike noises. It was soon apparent that
	or a continuous vortey or warring horses. It was soon apparent that

	there was enemy very close and reports spoke of tanks at both ends
	of the village. For two hours things were completely disorganised
	and individual efforts and initiative were responsible in preventing
	what might have developed into a very nasty situation. Early in the
	battle several houses were set alight and soon a large part of the
	village was aflame. Heaps of German amn were soon exploding and
	several amn trucks of the infantry added to the din and chaos.
	Terrific work was done in preventing our vehs catching alight and at
	0600 hrs when RHQ was forced to evacuate all its vehs were recovered
	intact. RHQ withdrew a little to the west of the village and dug
	itself deep in a field. After some time our calls for fire on both
	wireless nets were answered by 531 Bty on the left of the division
	and by 181 Fd Regt. Meanwhile 529 and 530 Btys had both got several
	guns into action in anti tank roles and had knocked out several
	enemy vehs. Major Stephenson of 530 Bty in particular showed great
	courage in knocking out 2 enemy half-tracks with a Piat. By 0900 hrs
	we had got both btys into action and 530 OPs joined the Glas H and
	assisted in chasing the Germans to the next village of Nettlekamp.
	The position was considerably relieved when the Cams arrived and by
	1500 hrs the situation was completely restored. The final count
	revealed that the Group had destroyed 12 enemy SP guns and 15 half-
	tracks. It appeared that the attacking force was a battle group from
	the new Panzer Div Clausewitz whose aim was to disrupt 8 Corps axis.
	Losses in the Regt were 1 man killed 6 injured and 1-3 ton lorry
	destroyed. Later in the afternoon we learned that the Bde was being
	relieved by 6A/B Div and that the regt was to move into action at
	Borne 8883 south of Uelzen. Recce parties went off to prepare the
	area, which was already occupied by a battalion of infantry and a
	squadron of tanks. 531 Bty were to rejoin the regt in this area.
	They had had a most interesting time on the left flank supporting
	the Seaforths.
16.	The Regt arrived very early in the morning. It appeared that 46 Bde
	was to take over from 227 Bde opposite Uelzen and do a frontal
	assault in a few days time. There was a little firing on observed
	tgts in and around Uelzen.
17.	During the day we learned that Lt. K. Ohlson of 531 Bty had been
- / •	awarded the MC for gallantry in the operations West of the Rhine.
	Gnr Bennington of 530 Bty also received the MM. The day was
	reasonably quiet and in the evening 46 Bde began to patrol into
	Uelzen. The situation in the town by night was very fluid with some
	nasty pockets to crack.
	masty pockets to crack.

18.	Progress into the town continued at first light and after a slow	
	start the operation went well and the whole town was cleared by afternoon; many prisoners were taken. Future plans for the division	
	involved an advance to the Elbe clearing up pockets on the way.	
19.	In the morning harbour parties left for the village of Kleine	
	Hesebeck about ten miles N of Uelzen. In this area the Bde group was	
	concentrating. The Regt arrived in the area in the afternoon but did	
	not go into action. In the evening there was a brief scare when 2	
	Hitler Youths were captured and found carrying arms. At first	
	popular report had it that we were to be brewed up again, but	
	further interrogation discovered that the only aim of the two boys	
	was to get home to mother.	
20.	The Bde formed up in Bevensen and set out on its road to the Elbe.	
	The Cams led and progress was steady until a little opposition was	
	met N of Dahlenburg 0114. A regtl area was quickly recced at Dahlem	
	0116 and 529 Bty did a quick action. Owing to the opposition it was	
	decided to switch the bulk of the Bde up another route further to the west. After a short time however it was decided to send the	
	Seaforths alone on the right with 531 Bty in support, and 530 Bty	
	would join 529 at Dahlem. No sooner were they established there than	
	recce parties were again rushed off to recce a further area in the	
	village of Rosenthal 9328 a few miles south of the Elbe. This recce	
	complete, orders were changed and once more they dashed back to the	
	village of NEETZE 9322 where 529 & 530 eventually arrived as night	
	drew on having leap frogged their way up. It was rather appropriate	
	that RHQ finally ended the day by being established in a circus with	
	bears, elephants and a monkey complete. 531 Bty spent the night in	
	the Seaforths area further North.	
21.	Early in the morning the Regt occupied the Rosenthal area where	
	accommodation was good though the ground rather wet. We had OPs out	
	with the Cameronians and the Seaforths; the Glasgow Highlanders were	
	in reserve. The day was spent in clearing the few pockets this side	
22.	of the river on our front. The thing of greatest interest today was the passage of trains up	
۷۷.	and down across our front on the far side of the River. The Air OP	
	had several good shots at them. It was considered probable that we	
	would remain in this location for several days prior to our move to	
	the Divisional gun area to support the crossing of the Elbe by our	
	Division.	
23.	Another fairly quiet day. Recce parties did a provisional recce of	See Appx 11
	the next gun area near the village of Bratlingen 8129. The area was	
	not good being chiefly in view from the other bank of the Elbe.	

24.	In the morning the final preparation and survey of the new gun area	
	was carried out. Apart from that everything was very quiet and the	
	only shooting was that aimed at deer and hares.	
25.	A very quiet day. In the evening 531 bty fired propaganda shell at	
	Lauenburg and Boizenburg. There was however an unfortunate number of	
	prematures which did no damage luckily though the pamphlets were	
	wasted.	
26.	During the day a large drive of the area was organised to clear out	
	any civilians who still remained within the forbidden area south of	
	the Elbe.	
27.	Preparations were completed for our move to the gun area for the	
	crossing. Now the crossing was to be carried out by 44 Bde on the	
	left and the 1st Commando Bde with 7 Seaforths under command on the	
	right. Not much opposition was expected.	
28.	At midnight we left Rosenthal and we soon arrived at Brietlingen and	
	settled in for the night. B Echelons had previously moved to an area	
	south of Luneburg. The fire plan and CB plan were received and	
	issued out in the morning. Arty support was divided into 3 Groups	See Appxs 12 & 13.
	and we were under command the 5th Div Gp. Calls for fire from this	
	group were to be controlled first by the CO of the 1st Mountain Regt	
	supporting the Commandos and finally by our CO. At 2350 hrs the CB	
	programme "COSSACK" began.	
29.	At 0200 hrs the attack over the Elbe was launched supported by 11	
29.	Fd, 4 Med and 1 Hy regts. All went well and quicker than plan and	
	the first objectives were soon taken. Soon after first light recce	
	parties left to prepare an advance position on the banks of the Elbe	
	8533. It was a poor area with little cover and very wet. The regt	
	moved in later in the morning welcomed by a certain amount of	
	straffing from enemy planes. Air activity was greater than we had	
	seen in the whole campaign and throughout the day there were	
	repeated attacks on the bridging sites. In the afternoon we had a	
	warning that the regiment might move across the river that night.	
	More definite orders came later and recce parties left to find a	
	harbour area in the village of KRUKOW 8339. According to our maps	
	this had not yet been cleared and the recce parties arriving there	
	as dusk approached entered the village with all circumspection. All	
	was well however and, recce completed, the arrival of the regt was	
	awaited.	
30.	After a horrible night march over the river the regt did not arrive	
	until first light. After a few hours sleep and breakfast we moved	
	forward into action in 8240 with RHQ in Piependorf 8140. It was a	
	good gun area, but a poor one for accn. Meanwhile our OPs were still	

with our infantry on the East of the bridgehead and meeting more	I
opposition than anyone else. And so the month ended. During its 30	ı
days we had covered about 300 miles and come very close to the end	I
of the war in Europe.	ı